

DIRECTORATE OF NEIGHBOURHOOD SERVICES

ANIMAL HEALTH SERVICE PLAN 2009/10

#### 1. FOREWORD

- 1.1. The Animal Health and Welfare Framework (the Framework) is designed to help co-coordinate the activities of local and central government agencies for all animal health and welfare enforcement activities (including 'Animal Health', the Department for the Environment, Food and Rural Affairs' (DEFRA) executive agency primarily responsible for ensuring that farmed animals in Great Britain are healthy, disease-free and well looked after).
- 1.2. The 6 specific intended outcomes referred to in the Framework are to:
  - 1. effectively reduce the risk of animal disease incursion and spread, thereby protecting public and animal health;
  - 2. improve animal welfare;
  - 3. promote a joined-up approach between all agencies involved in animal health and welfare;
  - 4. improve provision of management information to local and national government on the delivery of animal health and welfare services, and to allow the UK to fulfil its obligations to the European Union;
  - 5. meet the objective of *Delivering and enforcing standards*, of the Animal Health and Welfare Strategy; and,
  - 6. protect local communities, including the effects on the local economy.
- 1.3. The City of York Council are required to complete the Framework on an annual basis to describe the activities we intend to take to achieve the above outcomes.
- 1.4. The council is also required to describe whether its planned activities meet 'minimum standards', 'good practice' or 'better practice' against the activities described in the Framework. Many of these activities impact directly upon our score under the governments national performance indicator 'NI190. Achievement in meeting standards for the control system for animal health'.
- 1.5. The council is required to discuss and agree the Framework with our Regional Veterinary Leads (RVL) (from 'Animal Health') so that understanding is reached regarding what can be realistically achieved. The following Framework has been discussed with the RVL and will be acceptable to DEFRA if Members approve its content.
- 1.6. The council is also required to complete and submit a 'Local Authority Profile' to the RVL. The profile is detailed in paragraph 2.0.

### 2.0 Local Authority Profile

### City of York Council for the Financial Year 2009/2010

#### 2.1. Staffing

	Local Authority funded (Total and FTE)	Directly funded (Total and FTE)
Field staff	2.3	8.0
Data input staff		0.32
TOTAL	2.3	1.12

#### 2.2. Data input

Local Authority Database used: APP Civica (FLARE)

Interface with AMES installed? Yes Interface with AMES functional? Yes

If not installed are there plans to do so? (date) N/A.

If not, please give reason. N/A

### 2.3. Work Load - Critical Control Points (CCP)

a) with defined work patterns

Type of CCP	No.	Operating pattern (markets) or throughput (slaughterhouses)
Markets, Collection Centres & Assembly Centres	1	1 dedicated slaughter market per week 1 store market per week 17 horse sales per year
Slaughterhouses	1	Red meat only
Shows, sales and one-off events	2	Rare breed sales

b) without defined work patterns

Type of CCP	No.
Ports	0
Dealers	2

### 2.4. Total risk assessed premises including CCPs

According to information supplied by AHRO (Animal Health Regional Office), and risk assessment by local authority.

	High Risk	Medium Risk	Low Risk
No. of premises (including 3(a) & (b) above)	4	19	225

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# **Local Authority: City of York Council**

# Service Delivery Plan for Year: 01/04/2009 to 31/03/2010

	Content and Relevant Outcome(s)	Local Authority Planned Level of Service Delivery
Planning the	Delivery of the Local Authority Animal Hea	Ith Function
1 Profile of Local ithority area and sociated animal alth and welfare orkload	Analysis of critical control points by type, number, days of operation, including:  a) premises licensed for sales (e.g. auction markets etc.) b) premises licensed for collections for slaughter or further rearing or finishing c) abattoirs/slaughter houses  Analysis of agricultural premises according to risk  Summary of staff engaged in Animal Health and Welfare work  Outcomes 3 and 5	<ul> <li>a) - operates 2 days per week</li> <li>b) - operates 1 day per week incorporated into existing slaughter market</li> <li>c) - operates 5/6 days per week beef only</li> <li>Minimum standard –</li> <li>Local Authority profile completed annually in format of template at paragraph 2 and submitted to RVL and DEFRA.</li> <li>Financial forecasts and invoices submitted.</li> </ul>
2 Annual Service elivery Plan for elivery of services in himal Health and elfare	Service Delivery Plan produced detailing levels of Service Delivery for all activities detailed in this activity framework, reflecting national and local priorities.  Outcomes 3, 4,and 5	Minimum standard —     Annual Service Delivery Plan produced and agreed with RVL.     Any significant changes to be notified and discussed with RVL.
3 Risk Assessment	Premises risk assessed in accordance with Local Authority national risk scheme.  Risk based inspection programme	Minimum standard —     All premises risk assessed and documented.     Inspection programme based on locally determined frequency according to risk.
-	Outcomes 1, 2, 5 and 6	Attempts are made and documented to ensure inspection programmes are co- ordinated with other agencies.

## **Training and Development**

1 Training for new licers

n-going ofessional velopment Officers are authorised to enforce all relevant legislation.

All enforcement staff to hold recognised qualification or have equivalent professional experience i.e. 'Grandfather rights' or undertake to achieve such qualifications as soon as possible

It is recognised that in emergency situations i.e. outbreaks of disease, there may be a need to call upon non animal health qualified officers to assist in carrying out animal health and welfare duties.

Time and resources allocated to keep up to date on appropriate Animal Health and Welfare legislation, codes of practice, guidance etc – e.g. by accessing LACORS website

Outcome 5

Minimum standard -

- New officers to undergo internal induction training on Animal Health and Welfare.
- Continuing professional development Minimum on going training of 10 hours based on the principles of CPD. This includes training on new legislation and procedures relevant to animal health and welfare.
- Access to copies of all relevant animal health & welfare legislation (AH&W) and guidance

Licensing Ac	ctivities	
1 Recording of nimal Movements heep, Goats, Deer d Pig movement ita capture and cording of emptions	All movement documents received to be date stamped or otherwise identified as to date received.  Data entry on to the Defra AMLS2 (Animal Movement Licence System) database of all sheep, pig and deer movement documents received  Action to be taken where errors are detected that require follow up resolution	<ul> <li>Good practice –</li> <li>Recording of 95% of live movements and 80% of slaughter movements within two working days from day of receipt.</li> <li>Action to be initiated within three working days where errors are detected that require follow up.</li> </ul>
2 leaving of apositio	Outcomes 1 and 4	Cood protice
2 Issuing of specific imal movement ences on AMLS2	Specific licences (on AMLS2) issued for those individuals prohibited by the Minister from operating under the general licence  Receipt of licence applications  Assessment and issue of specific licences	Issue of all licences on day of receipt of application where no pre movement inspection required
	Issue of animal movement licences manually where approval given  Outcomes 1 and 4	
3 Investigation of ecific (AMLS2)	Initial investigation of (AMLS2) licence application refusals;	Good practice –
ovement licence fusals	resolve if possible, otherwise co-operation with AHRO(Animal Health Regional Office) to achieve resolution	Resolution of all licence refusals within one working day
	Outcomes 1 and 4	

<b>Education</b> a	nd advice to maximise compliance	
1 Education and vice	Guidance provided to businesses on all aspects of Animal Health and Welfare for which Local Authorities are	Good practice-
	responsible, including any movement licensing requirements.	Local Authority produce mail shot information/ publication to provide information on current issues.
	Delivery targets should be set in accordance with individual Local Authority 'charter' response times.	Provision of answer phone facility for out of office hours contact.
	Outcomes 1, 2, 5 and 6	
2 Proactive activity	Proactive involvement or lead in education and training events with stakeholder organisations etc.	Good practice –
	Joined up approach to education and advice through liaison with Defra, Welsh Assembly Government, LACORS and Animal Health	Support liaison with other relevant agencies and stakeholder groups e.g. meetings, regular meetings held with market & abattoir.
	Outcomes 1, 2, 5 and 6	

## **Enforcement activities to maximise Animal Health and Welfare compliance**

1 Attendance at itical Control Points Livestock markets, tles, Collection entres and sembly Centres

Highly visible preventative enforcement presence. Attendance at markets and other premises licensed for sales, and Collection Centres and Assembly Centres to ensure compliance, in particular with:

- Biosecurity (vehicles, premises and people)
- Livestock identification
- Welfare
- Transport
- · Licensing and record keeping
- Specific pre movement licensing
- All other relevant legislation

Exact attendance levels and times according to status of gathering

#### Outcomes 1, 2, 5 and 6

2 Attendance at itical Control Points slaughter houses

these activities with yard to the transport loading and ratification of livestock puld normally occur tside of the ughterhouse production a. This service delivery action does not require cal Authority officers to the slaughterhouse pulction area, or dertake enforcement in ation to the

Attendance at slaughter houses (high and low through put, red meat and poultry(white meat) in liaison with MHS to ensure legislative compliance, in particular with:

- Biosecurity (vehicles, premises and people)
- Livestock identification
- Welfare
- Transport
- Licensing and record keeping
- Specific pre movement licensing
- All other relevant legislation

Better practice -

• Inspectors to be in attendance at large markets for 75% of operating hours to ensure compliance with cleansing and disaffecting requirements & any current movement restrictions.

Minimum standard -

- Slaughter houses to be attended on a low risk basis.
- Attendance frequency reviewed with RVL.
- Well Established communication links with Meat Hygiene Service (MHS) at abattoir with regard to reporting of anomalies.

ughterhouse operation elf. The Meat Hygiene rvice (MHS) are ponsible for forcement in the ughterhouse itself, and cal Authorities should ise with MHS with gard to any need to fer the slaughterhouse eduction area.  3 Attendance at itical Control Points Dealers  4 Attendance at itical Control Points Ports (excluding Ps)	Outcomes 1, 2, 5 and 6 Identification of Dealers Visits/inspections to verify legislative compliance  Outcomes 1, 2, 5 and 6 Attendance at Ports to ensure legislative compliance, in particular with:  Biosecurity (vehicles, premises and people) Livestock identification Welfare Transport Import/export documentation All other relevant legislation	Good practice —  Written report to be given at time of inspection.  Major non compliances found during inspections will be reported to relevant agencies.  Re-visit when actionable infringements have occurred.
5 Attendance at itical Control Points ligh risk Farms ther than dealers)	Outcomes 1, 2, 5 and 6  Visits/inspections to verify legislative compliance  Outcomes 1, 2, 5 and 6	N/A

3 Visits and spections to other	Visits to verify legislative compliance.	Minimum standard –
emises	Commercial hauliers Farms (including own livestock vehicle) Agricultural Shows and farm dispersal sales Knackers/Hunt kennels/renderer Maggot farms etc  Any other premises of livestock origin and destination	<ul> <li>Planned visit or inspection according to risk.</li> <li>Inspection programme to take into account other agency inspections e.g. RPA/RIW/AH to avoid duplication and arrange joint visits where necessary.</li> <li>Checks from AMLS2/AMES (Animal Health &amp; Welfare Management Enforcement System) data.</li> </ul>
	Outcomes 1, 2, 5 and 6	
7 In transit checks	Roadside checks (in conjunction with police)  Police led multi agency roadside checks Local Authority led checks for animal health and welfare compliance only (including co-ordination with adjacent Local Authorities)  National exercises and operations.  Outcomes 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6	Police stops based on local knowledge.     Inspection of individual suspected livestock transport vehicles (including horses) or other agricultural vehicles subject to AH&W legislative requirements.
3 Postal record call checks (if rried out) on estock premises	Postal recall checks and verification according to risk  Non responses subject to follow up action as appropriate (including, if necessary premises visit inspection)  Outcomes 1, 2, 5 and 6	N/A
9 Vehicle osecurity – eansing and sinfecting mpliance	Checks on those signing declarations to cleanse and disinfect at premises other than where they have delivered livestock  Outcomes 1, 5 and 6	Minimum standard —     Targeted or intelligence lead checks of cleansing and disinfecting declarations

10 Out of operating urs checks	Checks out of normal specified operating hours or subsequent days for: Markets Slaughter houses Premises licensed for collection of animals for slaughter or for further rearing or finishing	Minimum standard —     Intelligence lead visits carried out in line with risk.
	Outcomes 1, 2, 5 and 6	
11 Stand by and call arrangements	Emergency interagency contact regarding disease and other enforcement incidents	Minimum standard –
	Outcomes 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6	<ul><li>Emergency out of hours contact procedures in place.</li><li>All relevant agencies to be aware of contact procedures.</li></ul>

Identified breaches of legislation, including biosecurity, licensing, welfare, livestock identification, standstill breaches, illegal imports, by products, and other disease control work.  Irregularities found on documentary checks followed up  Outcomes 1, 2, 5 and 6  Provision and collection of Intelligence Information	<ul> <li>Minimum standard –</li> <li>To be investigated and appropriate action taken in accordance with the Local Authority's published Enforcement Policy.</li> <li>Follow up checks on suspected irregularities identified on AMLS2/AMES.</li> </ul>
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•	Good practice –  Regular contact with other agencies/ LA's regarding intelligence.
Infringements or suspected infringements reported from external enforcement sources or identified by use of data interrogation or intelligence sources; members of the public/complaints	Minimum standard —  To be investigated and appropriate action taken in accordance with the Local Authority's published Enforcement Policy  Minimum standard —
Assessment and communication to interested parties of cross cutting issues  Research/intelligence led activities including workshops  Joint investigations/exercises/initiatives  Mentoring arrangements	<ul> <li>Good practice –</li> <li>Pro-active work with other Local Authorities and agencies.</li> <li>Working with other Local Authorities to deal with a specific request.</li> <li>Identify cross cutting issues and relevant areas of risk suitable for cross border and multi agency approach.</li> </ul>
In ein po A co R	Provision and collection of Intelligence Information  Putcomes 1, 2, 5 and 6  Infringements or suspected infringements reported from external enforcement sources or identified by use of data interrogation or intelligence sources; members of the sublic/complaints  Putcomes 1, 2, 5 and 6  Insessessment and communication to interested parties of cross sutting issues  Research/intelligence led activities including workshops  oint investigations/exercises/initiatives

Post enforce	ement reporting and AMES data entry activity	ties
1 Animal Health d Welfare anagement and forcement System MES)	Entry of data on to AMES system (or via electronic data transfer from local systems to AMES) recording Local Authority enforcement activities, results and actions.  Use of AMES for management information and report generation  Recording of data on infringements	<ul> <li>Minimum standard –</li> <li>Recording of all enforcement data within 5 working days.</li> <li>Local Authority to designate AMES supervisor who must be familiar with AMES good practice guide, data quality and auditing procedures, Business process instructions and FAQs.</li> <li>Internal procedures in place to ensure quality of data entered.</li> </ul>
	Outcomes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6	
2 Management ormation	Collation of management information data for internal use and provision to Animal Health, Defra and Welsh Assembly Government.	<ul> <li>Good practice –</li> <li>Timely provision of information, in particular submission of statutory returns.</li> <li>AMES: Record enforcement action on AMES to facilitate generating of accurate management reports.</li> <li>National Performance Indicators: Collect data in accordance with relevant National Performance Indicators.</li> <li>Use of AMES reporting facility to produce reports to monitor progress of</li> </ul>
	Outcomes 3, 4 and 5	agreed Service Delivery Plan.

Contingency planning and emergency action		
1 Animal alth/Defra/Welsh sembly overnment and cal Authority nergency aparedness	Planning and contributing to emergency preparedness plans with Animal Health/Defra/Welsh Assembly Government and other agencies as appropriate  Outcomes 1, 3, 5 and 6	Minimum standard —     LACORS / Local Authority plans ( some shared plans with NYCC) drawn up consistent with Defra, Animal Health generic plans for disease outbreaks — FMD, Avian Influenza, Rabies, Anthrax, Classical Swine Fever.     Respond to notification of disease outbreaks.
2 Testing and aining	Testing, training, practising and evaluating activities in relation to the emergency plan	Minimum standard —     Contribution through others or on paper to planned exercises.     Review plans and update annually.     Internal and external contact details reviewed annually.
	Outcomes 1, 3, 5 and 6	
3 Emergency tion	Provision of full emergency range of services under the emergency plan, when disease emergency declared by Defra/Welsh Assembly Government	Minimum standard —     Full requirements of plan actioned
	Outcomes 1, 3, 5 and 6	

Additional Activities			
1 National priorities	as agreed with the RVL and in Wales the Welsh Assembly Government.	As agreed with RVL	
	Outcomes 1, 2, 5 and 6		
2 Local priorities	As above	As agreed with RVL	
	Outcomes 1, 2, 5 and 6		